### **Universal Credit Application**

(Consumer Real Estate)

Lender Use Only Lender Case No./HMDA ULI HMDA Reportable Census Tract ☐ Yes ☐ No 1. Type of Application (Check only one of the four checkboxes; and sign, if joint credit. Use another application if more than two applicants.) Individual Credit. If checked, this is an Application for Individual Credit - relying solely on my income and assets. Individual Credit with Another. If checked, this is an Application for Individual Credit - relying on my income and assets and on income and/or assets of another as a basis for loan qualification. (Complete Applicant and Co-Applicant sections.) ☐ Individual Credit (Community Property State). If checked, this is an Application for Individual Credit - relying on my income or assets. The income or assets of my spouse (or other person), who has community property rights pursuant to state law, will not be used as a basis for loan qualification. However, his or her liabilities must be considered because my spouse (or other person) has community property rights pursuant to applicable law, and, as Applicant, I reside in a community property state, the property that will secure the loan is located in a community property state, or I am relying on other property located in a community property state as a basis for repayment of the loan. (Complete Applicant and Co-Applicant sections.) Joint Credit. If checked, this is an Application for Joint Credit. By signing below, the Applicant and Co-Applicant agree that each of us intend to apply for joint credit. (Complete Applicant and Co-Applicant sections.) Applicant for Joint Credit Co-Applicant for Joint Credit Terms of Credit Requested Type of Credit **Amount Requested** Interest Rate Type Term of Credit (in Months) Fixed 
Adjustable Loan 

Line of Credit 3. Property Information and Loan Purpose Subject Property Address (street, county or parish, city, state & ZIP No. of Units Legal Description of Subject Property (attach description if necessary) Year Built Loan Purpose Property will be: Primary Secondary  $\square$  Investment Construction-Initial ☐ Home Improvement Residence Residence ☐ Construction-Permanent Complete this line if construction or construction-permanent loan. (b) Cost of Total (a + b) Year Lot | Original Cost (a) Present Value of Amount Existing Improvements Acquired Liens Lot \$ Complete this line if this is a refinance loan. Describe Improvements Original Cost Year Amount Existing Purpose of Refinance ☐ made □ to be made Acquired Liens Cost: \$ Title will be held in what Name(s) Manner in which Title will be held Estate will be held in: ☐ Fee Simple Source of Down Payment, Settlement Charges, and/or Subordinate Financing (explain) Leasehold (show expiration date) 4. Applicant Information Applicant's Name Co-Applicant's Name Social Security No. Date of Birth Social Security No. Date of Birth Primary Phone Primary Phone □ Cell □ Cell ID Type & No. Issued By Issue Date Exp. Date ID Type & No. Issued By Issue Date Exp. Date E-mail Address E-mail Address Dependents Dependents Married Separated Married Separated (not listed by Co-Applicant) (not listed by Applicant) No. Ages No. Ages Unmarried Unmarried (including single, divorced, widowed) (including single, divorced, widowed)

Present Address

Former Address

☐ Own ☐ Rent

☐ Own ☐ Rent ☐

Mailing Address, if different from Present Address

Former Address

□ Own

Mailing Address, if different from Present Address

☐ Rent

☐ Own ☐ Rent ☐ No. Yrs.

Ар	olicant		o. Emp	oloymei	nt Intoi	mau	ION		o-Applica	nt	
Name & Address of E	mployer 🗌 Self I	Employed	Yrs. on	this job	Name &	Addr	ess of Employ	er 🗌 se	If Employed	Yrs. o	n this job
			Yrs. emp this li work/pro	ne of						this	nployed in line of profession
Position/Title/Type of	Business		Business Phone		Position	Position/Title/Type of Business				Busine	ss Phone
If employed in current	nosition for loss	than tw	o voore o	r if ourror	atly omple	avad i	n mara than a	no nocit	ion compl	oto tho	following
Name & Address of E			Dates (fr				ess of Employ		-		(from - to)
	, ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,									
			Busines	s Phone						Busine	ss Phone
Position/Title/Type of	Business		Gross M		Position	/Title/	Type of Busin	ess			Monthly
			\$	nne						\$	Come
Name & Address of E	mployer 🗌 Self	Employed	Dates (fr	rom - to)	Name &	Addr	ess of Employ	er □ S∈	If Employed	Dates	(from - to)
			Busines	s Phone	_					Busine	ss Phone
Position/Title/Type of	Business		Gross M Inco		Position	/Title/	Type of Busin	ess		In	Monthly come
	6. Monthly I	Incom	° • and C	Combin	ed Hou	eina	Evnense	Inform	ation	\$	
Gross Monthly Income	Applicant		pplicant		otal	Comb	oined Monthly ing Expense		Present	Pr	oposed
Base Empl. Income*	\$	\$		\$		Rent		\$			
Overtime	\$	\$		\$		First Mortgage (P&I)		I) \$		\$	
Bonuses	\$	\$	\$			Other Financing (P&I) \$			\$		
Commissions	\$	\$	\$			Hazard Insurance \$			\$		
Dividends/Interest	\$	\$	\$		Real Estate Taxes \$		\$		\$		
Net Rental Income	\$	\$		\$	Mortgage Insurance						
Other (before completing, see the notice in "Describe	\$	Ş		Ş		Dues		\$		\$	
Other Income," below)		1.				Othe		Ş		\$	
Total * Self Employed Appl	\$ icant(s) may be i	\$ required	to provide	ş addition	nal docum	Total entati		ş x return	s and finar	\$  cial_sta	tements.
A/C Describe C	Other Notice: income	Alimon	y, child so t be reve	upport, or aled if the	r separate e Applica	mair nt (A)				thly Am	
									\$		
									\$		
			7. As	sets a	nd Liab	ilitie	S				
This Statement and a their assets and liabili basis; otherwise, sepanon-applicant spouse other person.	ties are sufficient arate Statements or other person,	ly joined and Sch this Stat	I so that t nedules ar ement an	the Stater re require d support	ment can d. If the ( ting sched	be m Co-Ap dules	eaningfully an aplicant section must also be c Con	d fairly p n was co	oresented o ompleted a	on a con bout a at spou	nbined
<b>Schedule of Real Esta</b> Property Address (enter S if sold, PS if		ditional p Type	of Pre	esent	ed, use co   Amoun   Mortgag	t of	ıation sheet.)  Gross Rental	Mortga	Insur ge Mainte	ance, enance,	Net Rental
R if rental for income		Prope	rty Mark	et Value	Liens	s	Income	Paymer		& Misc.	Income
			۶		٩		\$	\$	\$		\$
			\$		\$		\$	\$	\$		\$
			\$		\$		\$	\$	\$	:	\$
		Tota	ls \$		\$		\$	\$	\$		\$
List any additional nar number(s): Altern	mes under which ate Name	credit h	as previol	-	received reditor Na		ndicate approp	oriate cr	Account		

		s and Liabilities (Continued)		
Assets Description	Cash or Market Value	Liabilities and Pledged Assets. List		
Cash deposit toward purchase	\$	account number for all outstanding del revolving charge accounts, real estate		
neld by:	\$	pledges, etc. Use continuation sheet, i	f necessary. Indicat	e by (*) those
		liabilities, which will be satisfied upon refinancing of the subject property.	sale of real estate o	wned or upon
			Monthly Payment &	T
List checking and savings accou		Liabilities	Months Left to Pay	Unpaid Balance
Name and address of Bank, S&L	, or Credit Union	Name and address of Company	\$ Payment/	\$
			Months	
A	<del></del>			
Acct. no.	\$	Acct. no.	Revolving	
Name and address of Bank, S&L	, or Credit Union	Name and address of Company	\$ Payment/ Months	\$
			Wienie	
Acct. no.	\$	Acct. no.	☐ Revolving	
Name and address of Bank, S&L	, or Credit Union	Name and address of Company	\$ Payment/	\$
			Months	
Acct. no.	\$	Aget no	D. Davidsian	
Name and address of Bank, S&L		Acct. no.  Name and address of Company	Revolving \$ Payment/	\$
value and address of bank, ode	, or oreart emen	Traine and address of company	Months	<b> </b>
Acct. no.	\$	Acct. no.	☐ Revolving	
Stocks & Bonds (Company	\$	Name and address of Company	\$ Payment/	\$
name/number & description)			Months	
		Acct. no.	☐ Revolving	
Life Insurance net cash value	\$	Name and address of Company	\$ Payment/	\$
Face amount: \$	1	, ,	Months	
Subtotal Liquid Assets	\$			
Real estate owned	\$			
(enter market value from schedule of real estate owned)		_		
seriedale of real estate owned,		Acct. no.  Name and address of Company	Revolving	\$
Vested interest in retirement	Ś	Name and address of Company	\$ Payment/ Months	٩
fund	\$		Wiemane	
Net worth of business(es) owner	d s			
(attach financial statement)	<b>,</b>			
		Acct. no.	☐ Revolving	
Automobiles owned	\$	Alimony/Child Support/Separate	\$	
(make and year)		Maintenance Payments Owed to:		
		11.51.15	1	
		Job-Related Expense (child care, union dues, etc.)	\$	
Other Assets (itemize)	Ś	(crima care, armorr ades, etc.)		
Other Assets (itemize)	3			
		Total Monthly Payments	\$	
Other Assets	\$	Other Liabilities		\$
(from continuation page, if any)  Total		(from continuation page, if any)  Net Worth	Total	
Assets (a)	\$	(a - b) \$	Liabilities (b)	\$
		8. Declarations		
	Applicant	Co-Applicant	Ap	plicant   Co-Applicant
a. Are there any outstanding jud	37 11	Yes No	Ye	es No Yes No
against you?		e. Have you directly or in obligated on any loan	which resulted	
<ul> <li>Have you been declared bank within the past 10 years?</li> </ul>	rupt	un foreclosure, transfer	r of title in lieu	, , , , , , ,
c. Have you had property forecle	osed	of foreclosure, or judg f. Are you presently delir		
upon or given title or deed in thereof in the last 7 years?	lieu	default on any Federal	debt or any	
thereof in the last 7 years?  d. Are you a party to a lawsuit?		☐ ☐ other loan, mortgage, ☐ ☐ obligation, bond, or loa	tinancial an guarantee?	

8. Declarations (Continued)							
	Appli	cant	Co-Ap	plicant		Applicant	Co-Applicant
	Yes	No	Yes	No	m. Have you had an ownership interest	Yes No	Yes No
g. Are you obligated to pay alimony, child support, or separate maintenance?					in a property in the last three years? (1) What type of property did you		
h. Is any part of the down payment borrowed?					own principal residence (PR), second home (SH), or		
<ul><li>i. Are you a co-maker or endorser on a note?</li></ul>					investment property (IP)? (2) How did you hold title to the		
j. Are you a U.S. citizen?					home solely by yourself (S),		
k. Are you a permanent resident alien?					jointly with your spouse (SP), or		
I. Do you intend to occupy the property as your primary residence?					jointly with another person (O)? n. Are there any other equity loans on the property?		

### 9. Continuation and Additional Information

**Instructions.** Use this section if you need more space to complete the Universal Credit Application. Mark "A" for Applicant and "C" for Co-Applicant. Use this space if you answered "Yes" to any of the questions in Section 8.

### 10. Federal Notices

Important Information to Applicant(s). To help the government fight the funding of terrorism and money laundering activities, federal law requires all financial institutions to obtain, verify, and record information that identifies each person who applies for a loan or opens an account.

What this means for you. When you apply for a loan or open an account, we will ask for your name, address, date of birth, and other information that will allow us to identify you. We may also ask to see your driver's license and/or other identifying documents. In some instances, we may use outside sources to confirm the information. The information you provide is protected by our privacy policy and federal law.

False Statements. By signing below, I/we fully understand that it is a federal crime punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, to knowingly make any false statements concerning any of the above facts as applicable under the provisions of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1001, et seq.

### 11. State Notices

California Residents. Each applicant, if married, may apply for a separate account.

Massachusetts Residents. Under Massachusetts statute, Mass. Gen. L. ch. 184, Section 17B, you, the Applicant (and Co-Applicant) are entitled to know the following:

- The responsibility of the attorney for the Mortgagee is to protect the interest of the Mortgagee.
- 2. Mortgagors may, at their own expense, engage an attorney of their own selection to represent their interests in the transaction.

For Home Equity Line of Credit. The current annual percentage rate for finance charges and, if the rate may vary, a statement to that effect and of the circumstances under which the rate may increase and whether there are any limitations on any such increase, as well as the effects of any such increase; the conditions under which a finance charge may be imposed, including the time period within which any credit extended may be repaid without incurring a finance charge; whether any annual fee is charged and the amount of any such fee; and whether any other charges or fees may be assessed, the purposes for which they are assessed, and the amounts of any such charges or fees.

New York Residents. A consumer report may be ordered in connection with your application. Upon your request, we will inform you whether or not a report was ordered. If a report was ordered, we will tell you the name and address of the consumer reporting agency that provided the report. Subsequent reports may be ordered or utilized in connection with an update, renewal or extension of credit for which you have applied.

Ohio Residents. The Ohio laws against discrimination require all creditors make credit equally available to all creditworthy customers, and that credit reporting agencies maintain separate credit histories on each individual upon request. The Ohio Civil Rights Commission administers compliance with this law.

Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowing that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud.

Texas Residents. The owner of the homestead is not required to apply the proceeds of the extension of credit to repay another debt except debt secured by the homestead or debt to another lender.

Wisconsin Residents. Notice to Married Applicants. No provision of any marital property agreement, unilateral statement under Wisc. Statutes §766.59 or a court decree under Wisc. Statutes §766.70 adversely affects the interest of the lender unless the lender, prior to the time the credit is granted, is furnished a copy of the agreement, statement or decree or has actual knowledge of the adverse provision when the obligation to the lender is incurred.

For married Wisconsin Residents. The credit being applied for, if granted, will be incurred in the interest of my marriage or family. I understand the creditor may be required by law to give notice of this transaction to my spouse

### 12. Acknowledgment and Agreement

Each of the undersigned specifically represents to Lender and to Lender's actual or potential agents, brokers, processors, attorneys, insurers, servicers, successors and assigns and agrees and acknowledges that: (1) the information provided in this application is true and correct as of the date set forth opposite my signature and that any intentional or negligent misrepresentation of this information contained in this application may result in civil liability, including monetary damages, to any person who may suffer any loss due to reliance upon any misrepresentation that I have made on this application, and/or in criminal penalties including, but not limited to, fine or imprisonment or both under the provisions of Title 18, United States Code, Sec. 1001, et seq.; (2) the loan requested pursuant to this application (the "Loan") will be secured by a mortgage or deed of trust on the property described in this application; (3) the property will not be used for any illegal or prohibited purpose or use; (4) all statements made in this application are made for the purpose of obtaining a residential mortgage loan; (5) the property will be occupied as indicated in this application; (6) the Lender, its servicers, successors or assigns may retain the original and/or an electronic record of this application, whether or not the Loan is approved; (7) the Lender and its agents, brokers, insurers, servicers, successors and assigns may continuously rely on the information contained in the application, and I am obligated to

### 12. Acknowledgment and Agreement (Continued)

amend and/or supplement the information provided in this application if any of the material facts that I have represented herein should change prior to closing of the Loan; (8) in the event that my payments on the Loan become delinquent, the Lender, its servicers, successors or assigns may, in addition to any other rights and remedies that it may have relating to such delinquency, report my name and account information to one or more consumer reporting agencies; (9) ownership of the Loan and/or administration of the Loan account may be transferred with such notice as may be required by law; (10) neither Lender nor its agents, brokers, insurers, servicers, successors or assigns has made any representation or warranty, express or implied, to me regarding the property or the condition or value of the property; and (11) my transmission of this application as an "electronic record" containing my "electronic signature," as those terms are defined in applicable federal and/or state laws (excluding audio and video recordings), or my facsimile transmission of this application containing a facsimile of my signature, shall be as effective, enforceable and valid as if a paper version of this application were delivered containing my original written signature.

Consent. You authorize us to contact you using any of the telephone numbers listed on this Credit Application or that you subsequently provide us in connection with your credit account - regardless whether the number we use is assigned to a paging service, cellular telephone service, specialized mobile radio service or other radio common carrier service or any other service for which you may be charged for the call. You further authorize us to contact you through the use of voice, text and email and through the use of pre-recorded/artificial voice messages or an automated dialing device.

**Acknowledgment.** Each of the undersigned hereby acknowledges that any owner of the Loan, its servicers, successors and assigns, may verify or reverify any information contained in this application or obtain any information or data relating to the Loan, for any legitimate business purpose through any source, including a source named in this application or a consumer reporting agency.

Χ

Applicant's Signature		Date	Co-Applicant'	s Signature		Date
13	Gove	rnment Monitoring	a or Demogra	nhic Informa	tion	
Lender only: Indicate whether a Demographic Information form of	a separat	te Regulation B (ECOA)	Government Mon	itoring Information	n form, or a	
<ul><li>☐ HMDA Demographic Information</li><li>☐ ECOA Government Monitori</li></ul>			t subject to Regul	ation B's 12 C.F.I	R. 1002.13	or equivalent)
☐ Not applicable	-		-			
		For Mortgage	Loan Origina	tor		
This information   Mail	or Fax	☐ E-mail or				
was provided through:   Telep		<del>_</del>		cludes Electronic I	Media with '	Video Component)
Loan Originator's Signature			Date	Loan Originator's	Phone Nun	nber
			Duto	-		
Loop Originator's Name	<del></del>	Lean Originator Idantifi		Laca Origination	Oamanu'a	A -lalue a a
Loan Originator's Name		Loan Originator Identific	er	Loan Origination	Company s	Address
Loan Origination Company's Na	me	Loan Origination Compa	any Identifier			
Louis Granding Company		Louis Grigina and Grigina	arry radirection			
		Transaction Wo	rksheet - On	tional		
a. Purchase price		\$		s closing costs pa	id hv Seller	\$
b. Alterations, improvements, r	repairs	\$	I. Other Cred		id by conc.	\$
c. Land (if acquired separately)		\$	1	,		
d. Refinance (include debts to b	se paid o	off) \$	] [			
e. Estimated prepaid items		\$	- 1	int (exclude PMI,	MIP,	\$
f. Estimated closing costs		\$				
g. PMI, MIP, Funding Fee	1	\$	· -	Funding Fee finan	ced	\$
<ul><li>h. Discount (if Applicant will pa</li><li>i. Total costs (add items a thro</li></ul>		\$			\$	
j. Subordinate financing	Jugii ii,	\$	4 I '	k, I & o from i)		<b>Y</b>
Ji Caboraniaco inianizmo			der's Use			
Lender's Initial Lien Position	First Lie	en Holder's Name & Add		Second Lien Hole	der's Name	& Address (if any)
☐ First Lien			•			•
☐ Second Lien						
☐ Subordinate Lien	Loop N	_		Laan Na		
Data Application Pageived	Loan No			Loan No.	- d	
Date Application Received	Receive	эа ву		Amount Request	ea	
Decision	Decision	n Date		Decision By		
☐ Approved ☐ Denied				,		
Interest Rate	Amoun	t Approved	Initial Advance (i	f applicable)	Funding Da	ite
Fixed/Index: %	7	CAPPIOTOG	,	i uppiiouzio,	1 411411.9	
Margin points	٠					
	\$					

Early Disclosures Given

Refinancing

Yes

Rescindable

☐ Yes

Yes

Yes

High Cost Mortgage

High Priced Mortgage

### HOME EQUITY LINE OF CREDIT APPLICATION DISCLOSURE

Borrower:

Lender:

Farmers Savings Bank Fostoria Office 10 Highway Ave NW P.O. Box A Fostoria, IA 51340

### IMPORTANT TERMS OF OUR HOME EQUITY LINE OF CREDIT APPLICATION DISCLOSURE

This disclosure contains important information about our HELOC (the "Plan" or the "Credit Line"). You should read it carefully and keep a copy for your records.

**AVAILABILITY OF TERMS.** All of the terms of the Plan described herein are subject to change. If any of these terms change (other than the ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE) and you decide, as a result, not to enter into an agreement with us, you are entitled to a refund of any fees that you paid to us or anyone else in connection with your application.

SECURITY INTEREST. We will take a security interest in your home. You could lose your home if you do not meet the obligations in your agreement with us.

POSSIBLE ACTIONS. Under this Plan, we have the following rights:

Termination and Acceleration. We can terminate the Plan and require you to pay us the entire outstanding balance in one payment, and charge you certain fees, if any of the following happens:

- (a) You commit fraud or make a material misrepresentation at any time in connection with the Plan. This can include, for example, a false statement about your income, assets, liabilities, or any other aspect of your financial condition.
- (b) You do not meet the repayment terms of the Plan.
- (c) Your action or inaction adversely affects the collateral for the Plan or our rights in the collateral. This can include, for example, failure to maintain required insurance, waste or destructive use of the dwelling, failure to pay taxes, death of all persons liable on the account, transfer of title or sale of the dwelling, creation of a senior lien on the dwelling without our permission, foreclosure by the holder of another lien or the use of funds or the dwelling for prohibited purposes.

Suspension or Reduction. In addition to any other rights we may have, we can suspend additional extensions of credit or reduce your credit limit during any period in which any of the following are in effect:

- (a) The value of your dwelling declines significantly below the dwelling's appraised value for purposes of the Plan. This includes, for example, a decline such that the initial difference between the credit limit and the available equity is reduced by fifty percent and may include a smaller decline depending on the individual circumstances.
- (b) We reasonably believe that you will be unable to fulfill your payment obligations under the Plan due to a material change in your financial circumstances.
- (c) You are in default under any material obligation of the Plan. We consider all of your obligations to be material. Categories of material obligations include, but are not limited to, the events described above under Termination and Acceleration, obligations to pay fees and charges, obligations and limitations on the receipt of credit advances, obligations concerning maintenance or use of the dwelling or proceeds, obligations to pay and perform the terms of any other deed of trust, mortgage or lease of the dwelling, obligations to notify us and to provide documents or information to us (such as updated financial information), obligations to comply with applicable laws (such as zoning restrictions).
- (d) We are precluded by government action from imposing the annual percentage rate provided for under the Plan.
- (e) The priority of our security interest is adversely affected by government action to the extent that the value of the security interest is less than 120 percent of the credit limit.
- (f) We have been notified by governmental authority that continued advances may constitute an unsafe and unsound business practice.
- (g) The maximum annual percentage rate under the Plan is reached.

Change in Terms. We may make changes to the terms of the Plan if you agree to the change in writing at that time, if the change will unequivocally benefit you throughout the remainder of the Plan, or if the change is insignificant (such as changes relating to, our data processing systems).

Fees and Charges. In order to open and maintain an account, you must pay certain fees and charges.

Late Charge. Your payment will be late if it is not received by us within 15 days after the "Payment Due Date" shown on your periodic statement. If your payment is late we may charge you \$30.00.

Third Party Fees. You must pay certain fees to third parties such as appraisers, credit reporting firms, and government agencies.

These third party fees generally total between \$100.00 and \$500.00. We estimate the breakdown of these as follows:

Description	Amount	When Charged
Recording Fee:	62-82	At Account Opening
Appraisal:	400.00	At Account Opening
Title Lien Search:	125.00	At Account Opening
Flood Determination:	12.50	At Account Opening

PROPERTY INSURANCE. You must carry insurance on the property that secures the Plan.

MINIMUM PAYMENT REQUIREMENTS. You can obtain advances of credit during the following period: 120 months (the "Draw Period"). Your Regular Payment will be based on a percentage of your outstanding balance as shown below or \$50.00, whichever is greater. Your balance will be rounded to the nearest one dollar. Your payment will be rounded to the nearest one dollar.

### HOME EQUITY LINE OF CREDIT APPLICATION DISCLOSURE (Continued)

Page 2

Range of Balances

Number of Months

Regular Payment Calculation

All Balances

120

1.000% of your outstanding balance

Your "Minimum Payment" will be the Regular Payment, plus any amount past due and all other charges.

A change in the ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE can cause the balance to be repaid more quickly or more slowly. When rates decrease, less interest is due, so more of the payment repays the principal balance. When rates increase, more interest is due, so less of the payment repays the principal balance. If this happens, we may adjust your payment as follows: your final payment may be increased.

In any event, if your Credit Line balance falls below \$50.00, you agree to pay your balance in full.

MINIMUM PAYMENT EXAMPLE. If you made only the minimum payment and took no other credit advances, it would take 10 years to pay off a credit advance of \$10,000.00 at an ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE of 3.250%. During that period, you would make 119 monthly payments ranging from \$50.00 to \$100.00 and one final payment of \$4,098.31.

TRANSACTION REQUIREMENTS. The following transaction limitations will apply to the use of your Credit Line:

Telephone Request, Request By Mail, In Person Request and Online Banking Limitations. The following transaction limitations will apply to your Credit Line and requesting an advance by telephone, requesting an advance by mail, requesting an advance in person and accessing by other methods.

Minimum Advance Amount. The minimum amount of any credit advance that can be made on your Credit Line is \$50.00.

**NEGATIVE AMORTIZATION.** Under some circumstances, your payments will not cover the finance charges that accrue and negative amortization will occur. Negative amortization will increase the amount that you owe us and reduce your equity in your home.

TAX DEDUCTIBILITY. You should consult a tax advisor regarding the deductibility of interest and charges for the Plan.

VARIABLE RATE FEATURE. The Plan has a variable rate feature. The ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE (corresponding to the periodic rate), the amount of the final payment, and the minimum payment amount can change as a result. The ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE does not include costs other than interest.

**THE INDEX.** The annual percentage rate is based on the value of an index (referred to in this disclosure as the "Index"). The Index is the Wall Street Journal Prime Rate. Information about the Index is available or published in the Wall Street Journal. We will use the most recent Index value available to us as of the date of any annual percentage rate adjustment.

ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE. To determine the Periodic Rate that will apply to your account, we add a margin to the value of the Index, round that sum to the nearest 0.125%, then divide the rounded value by 365 days. To obtain the ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE we multiply the Periodic Rate by the number of days in a year (366 during leap years). This result is the ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE. A change in the Index rate generally will result in a change in the ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE. However, if the Index rate change since the previous adjustment is less than 0.125%, the ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE will not change. The amount that your ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE may change also may be affected by the lifetime annual percentage rate limits, as discussed below.

Please ask us for the current Index value, margin and annual percentage rate. After you open a credit line, rate information will be provided on periodic statements that we send you.

FREQUENCY OF ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE ADJUSTMENTS. Your ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE can change Monthly. There is no limit on the amount by which the annual percentage rate can change during any one year period. However, under no circumstances will your ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE exceed 21.000% per annum or, go below 3.250% per annum at any time during the term of the Plan.

MAXIMUM RATE AND PAYMENT EXAMPLE. If you had an outstanding balance of \$10,000.00, the minimum payment at the maximum ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE of 21.000% would be \$100.00. This ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE could be reached immediately or prior to the 1st payment.

PREPAYMENT. You may prepay all or any amount owing under the Plan at any time without penalty.

HISTORICAL EXAMPLE. The example below shows how the ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE and the minimum payments for a single \$10,000.00 credit advance would have changed based on changes in the Index from 2006 to 2020. The Index values are from the following reference period: on the first business day of July. While only one payment per year is shown, payments may have varied during each year. Different outstanding principal balances could result in different payment amounts.

The table assumes that no additional credit advances were taken, that only the minimum payments were made, and that the rate remained constant during the year. It does not necessarily indicate how the Index or your payments would change in the future.

### **INDEX TABLE**

Year (on the first business day of July)	Index (Percent)	Margin (1) (Percent)	ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE	Monthly Payment (Dollars)
2006		0.000	8.250	100.00
2007		0.000	8.250	96.00
008009	3.250	0.000	5.000 3.250	93.00 86.00
010	3.250	0.000	3.250	79.00
011	3.250	0.000	3.250	73.00
012	3.250	0.000	3.250	66.00
013		0.000	3.250	61.00
014	3.250	0.000	3.250	56.00
.015 .016		0.000	3.250	51.00
017		0.000	3.500 4.250	
018		0.000	5.000	
019		0.000	4.750	
2020		0.000	3.250	

<sup>(1)</sup> This is a margin we have used recently; your margin may be different.

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FACTS WHAT DOES FARMERS SAVINGS BANK DO INFORMATION?	WITH YOUR PERSONAL	Rev. 04/2012					
Why?  Financial companies choose how they share your perbut not all sharing. Federal law also requires us to tel Please read this notice carefully to understand what we have the companies of th	l you how we collect, share and prot	s consumers the right to limit some tect your personal information.					
What?  The types of personal information we collect and shat can include:  - Social Security number and Account balances  - Credit history and Transaction history  - Payment history and Credit scores  When you are no longer our customer, we continue to							
How?  All financial companies need to share customers' perwellist the reasons financial companies can share the chooses to share; and whether you can limit this share.	we list the reasons financial companies can share their customers' personal information; the reasons Farmers Savings Bank						
Reasons we can share your personal information	Does Farmers Savings Bank share?	Can you limit this sharing?					
For our everyday business purposes such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), respond to court orders and legal investigations, or report to credit bureaus	Yes	No					
For our marketing purposes to offer our products and services to you	Yes	No					
For joint marketing with other financial companies	Yes	No					
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes information about your transactions and experiences	No	We don't share					

No

No

We don't share

We don't share

Questions?

For our affiliates' everyday business purposes-information about your creditworthiness

For nonaffiliates to market to you

Call 712-262-2708 or go to www.fsbfostoria.com

Page 2	
What we do	
How does Farmers Sav protect my personal information?	To protect your personal information from unauthorized access and use, we use security measures that comply with federal law. These measures include computer safeguards and secured files and buildings.
	rmation?  - Open an account or Give us your contact information  - Show your driver's license or Apply for a loan  - Provide employment information
	We also collect your personal information from others, such as credit bureaus, affiliates, or other companies.
Why can't I limit all sh	Federal law gives you the right to limit only - sharing for affiliates' everyday business purposesinformation about your creditworthiness - affiliates from using your information to market to you - sharing for nonaffiliates to market to you
	State laws and individual companies may give you additional rights to limit sharing.
Definitions	
	mpanies related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies. Farmers Savings Bank does not share with our affiliates.

Companies not related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies.

A formal agreement between nonaffiliated financial companies that together market financial products or services to

- Farmers Savings Bank does not share with nonaffiliates so they can market to you.

- Our joint marketing partner(s) include Credit Card and Credit Insurance Companies

Nonaffiliates

Joint marketing

you.

# What you should know about home equity lines of credit



This booklet was initially prepared by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. The Consumer Financial Protection Bureau (CFPB) has made technical updates to the booklet to reflect new mortgage rules under Title XIV of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (Dodd-Frank Act). A larger update of this booklet is planned in the future to reflect other changes under the Dodd-Frank Act and to align with other CFPB resources and tools for consumers as part of the CFPB's broader mission to educate consumers. Consumers are encouraged to visit the CPFB's website at consumerfinance.gov/owning-a-home to access interactive tools and resources for mortgage shoppers, which are expected to be available beginning in 2014.

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# 1. Introduction

If you are in the market for credit, a home equity plan is one of several options that might be right for you. Before making a decision, however, you should weigh carefully the costs of a home equity line against the benefits. Shop for the credit terms that best meet your borrowing needs without posing undue financial risks. And remember, failure to repay the amounts you've borrowed, plus interest, could mean the loss of your home.

### 1.1 Home equity plan checklist

Ask your lender to help you fill out this worksheet.

Basic features for comparison	Plan A	Plan B
Fixed annual percentage rate	%	%
Variable annual percentage rate	%	%
<ul> <li>Index used and current value</li> </ul>	%	%
Amount of margin		
<ul> <li>Frequency of rate adjustments</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Amount/length of discount (if any)</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Interest rate cap and floor</li> </ul>		
Length of plan		
Draw period		

Basic features for comparison (continued)	Plan A	Plan B
Repayment period		
Initial fees		
Appraisal fee		
Application fee		
Up-front charges, including points		
Closing costs		
Repayment terms		
During the draw period		
Interest and principal payments		
Interest-only payments		
Fully amortizing payments		
When the draw period ends		
Balloon payment?		
Renewal available?		
Refinancing of balance by lender?		

# 2. What is a home equity line of credit?

A home equity line of credit is a form of revolving credit in which your home serves as collateral. Because a home often is a consumer's most valuable asset, many homeowners use home equity credit lines only for major items, such as education, home improvements, or medical bills, and choose not to use them for day-to-day expenses.

With a home equity line, you will be approved for a specific amount of credit. Many lenders set the credit limit on a home equity line by taking a percentage (say, 75 percent) of the home's appraised value and subtracting from that the balance owed on the existing mortgage. For example:

Appraised value of home	\$100,000
Percentage	x 75%
Percentage of appraised value	= \$75,000
Less balance owed on mortgage	- \$40,000
Potential line of credit	\$35,000

In determining your actual credit limit, the lender will also consider your ability to repay the loan (principal and interest) by looking at your income, debts, and other financial obligations as well as your credit history.

Many home equity plans set a fixed period during which you can borrow money, such as 10 years. At the end of this "draw period," you may be allowed to renew the credit line. If your plan

does not allow renewals, you will not be able to borrow additional money once the period has ended. Some plans may call for payment in full of any outstanding balance at the end of the period. Others may allow repayment over a fixed period (the "repayment period"), for example, 10 years.

Once approved for a home equity line of credit, you will most likely be able to borrow up to your credit limit whenever you want. Typically, you will use special checks to draw on your line.

Under some plans, borrowers can use a credit card or other means to draw on the line.

There may be other limitations on how you use the line. Some plans may require you to borrow a minimum amount each time you draw on the line (for example, \$300) or keep a minimum amount outstanding. Some plans may also require that you take an initial advance when the line is set up.

# 2.1 What should you look for when shopping for a plan?

If you decide to apply for a home equity line of credit, look for the plan that best meets your particular needs. Read the credit agreement carefully, and examine the terms and conditions of various plans, including the annual percentage rate (APR) and the costs of establishing the plan. Remember, though, that the APR for a home equity line is based on the interest rate alone and will not reflect closing costs and other fees and charges, so you'll need to compare these costs, as well as the APRs, among lenders.

### 2.1.1 Variable interest rates

Home equity lines of credit typically involve variable rather than fixed interest rates. The variable rate must be based on a publicly available index (such as the prime rate published in some major daily newspapers or a U.S. Treasury bill rate). In such cases, the interest rate you pay for the line of credit will change, mirroring changes in the value of the index. Most lenders cite the interest rate you will pay as the value of the index at a particular time, plus a "margin," such as 2 percentage points. Because the cost of borrowing is tied directly to the value of the index, it is important to find out which index is used, how often the value of the index changes, and how high it has risen in the past. It is also important to note the amount of the margin.

Lenders sometimes offer a temporarily discounted interest rate for home equity lines—an "introductory" rate that is unusually low for a short period, such as six months.

Variable-rate plans secured by a dwelling must, by law, have a ceiling (or cap) on how much your interest rate may increase over the life of the plan. Some variable-rate plans limit how much your payment may increase and how low your interest rate may fall if the index drops.

Some lenders allow you to convert from a variable interest rate to a fixed rate during the life of the plan, or let you convert all or a portion of your line to a fixed-term installment loan.

### 2.2Costs of establishing and maintaining a home equity line

Many of the costs of setting up a home equity line of credit are similar to those you pay when you get a mortgage. For example:

- A fee for a property appraisal to estimate the value of your home;
- An application fee, which may not be refunded if you are turned down for credit;
- Up-front charges, such as one or more "points" (one point equals 1 percent of the credit limit); and
- Closing costs, including fees for attorneys, title search, mortgage preparation and filing, property and title insurance, and taxes.

In addition, you may be subject to certain fees during the plan period, such as annual membership or maintenance fees and a transaction fee every time you draw on the credit line.

You could find yourself paying hundreds of dollars to establish the plan. And if you were to draw only a small amount against your credit line, those initial charges would substantially increase the cost of the funds borrowed. On the other hand, because the lender's risk is lower than for other forms of credit, as your home serves as collateral, annual percentage rates for home equity lines are generally lower than rates for other types of credit. The interest you save could offset the costs of establishing and maintaining the line. Moreover, some lenders waive some or all of the closing costs.

# 2.3 How will you repay your home equity plan?

Before entering into a plan, consider how you will pay back the money you borrow. Some plans set a minimum monthly payment that includes a portion of the principal (the amount you borrow) plus accrued interest. But, unlike with typical installment loan agreements, the portion of your payment that goes toward principal may not be enough to repay the principal by the end of the term. Other plans may allow payment of only the interest during the life of the plan, which means that you pay nothing toward the principal. If you borrow \$10,000, you will owe that amount when the payment plan ends.

Regardless of the minimum required payment on your home equity line, you may choose to pay more, and many lenders offer a choice of payment options. However, some lenders may require you to pay special fees or penalties if you choose to pay more, so check with your lender. Many consumers choose to pay down the principal regularly as they do with other loans. For example, if you use your line to buy a boat, you may want to pay it off as you would a typical boat loan.

Whatever your payment arrangements during the life of the plan—whether you pay some, a little, or none of the principal amount of the loan—when the plan ends, you may have to pay the entire balance owed, all at once. You must be prepared to make this "balloon payment" by refinancing it with the lender, by obtaining a loan from another lender, or by some other means. If you are unable to make the balloon payment, you could lose your home.

If your plan has a variable interest rate, your monthly payments may change. Assume, for example, that you borrow \$10,000 under a plan that calls for interest-only payments. At a 10 percent interest rate, your monthly payments would be \$83. If the rate rises over time to 15 percent, your monthly payments will increase to \$125. Similarly, if you are making payments that cover interest plus some portion of the principal, your monthly payments may increase, unless your agreement calls for keeping payments the same throughout the plan period.

If you sell your home, you will probably be required to pay off your home equity line in full immediately. If you are likely to sell your home in the near future, consider whether it makes sense to pay the up-front costs of setting up a line of credit. Also keep in mind that renting your home may be prohibited under the terms of your agreement.

# 2.4Line of credit vs. traditional second mortgage loans

If you are thinking about a home equity line of credit, you might also want to consider a traditional second mortgage loan. This type of loan provides you with a fixed amount of money, repayable over a fixed period. In most cases, the payment schedule calls for equal payments that pay off the entire loan within the loan period. You might consider a second mortgage instead of a home equity line if, for example, you need a set amount for a specific purpose, such as an addition to your home.

In deciding which type of loan best suits your needs, consider the costs under the two alternatives. Look at both the APR and other charges. Do not, however, simply compare the APRs, because the APRs on the two types of loans are figured differently:

- The APR for a traditional second mortgage loan takes into account the interest rate charged plus points and other finance charges.
- The APR for a home equity line of credit is based on the periodic interest rate alone. It does not include points or other charges.

### 2.4.1 Disclosures from lenders

The federal Truth in Lending Act requires lenders to disclose the important terms and costs of their home equity plans, including the APR, miscellaneous charges, the payment terms, and information about any variable-rate feature. And in general, neither the lender nor anyone else may charge a fee until after you have received this information. You usually get these disclosures when you receive an application form, and you will get additional disclosures before the plan is opened. If any term (other than a variable-rate feature) changes before the plan is opened, the lender must return all fees if you decide not to enter into the plan because of the change. Lenders are also required to provide you with a list of homeownership counseling organizations in your area.

When you open a home equity line, the transaction puts your home at risk. If the home involved is your principal dwelling, the Truth in Lending Act gives you three days from the day the account was opened to cancel the credit line. This right allows you to change your mind for any reason. You simply inform the lender in writing within the three-day period. The lender must

then cancel its security interest in your home and return all fees—including any application and appraisal fees—paid to open the account.

The Home Ownership and Equity Protection Act of 1994 (HOEPA) addresses certain unfair practices and establishes requirements for certain loans with high rates and fees, including certain additional disclosures. HOEPA now covers some HELOCs. You can find out more information by contacting the CFPB at the website address and phone number listed in the Contact information appendix, below.

# 2.5What if the lender freezes or reduces your line of credit?

Plans generally permit lenders to freeze or reduce a credit line if the value of the home "declines significantly" or when the lender "reasonably believes" that you will be unable to make your payments due to a "material change" in your financial circumstances. If this happens, you may want to:

- Talk with your lender. Find out what caused the lender to freeze or reduce your credit line and what, if anything, you can do to restore it. You may be able to provide additional information to restore your line of credit, such as documentation showing that your house has retained its value or that there has not been a "material change" in your financial circumstances. You may want to get copies of your credit reports (go to the CFPB's website at consumerfinance.gov/askcfpb/5/can-i-review-my-credit-report.html for information about how to get free copies of your credit reports) to make sure all the information in them is correct. If your lender suggests getting a new appraisal, be sure you discuss appraisal firms in advance so that you know they will accept the new appraisal as valid.
- Shop around for another line of credit. If your lender does not want to restore your line of credit, shop around to see what other lenders have to offer. If another lender is willing to offer you a line of credit, you may be able to pay off your original line of credit and take out another one. Keep in mind, however, that you may need to pay some of the same application fees you paid for your original line of credit.

### APPENDIX A:

# Defined terms

This glossary provides general definitions for terms commonly used in the real estate market. They may have different legal meanings depending on the context.

### **DEFINED TERM**

ANNUAL MEMBERSHIP OR MAINTENANCE FEE	An annual charge for access to a financial product such as a line of credit, credit card, or account. The fee is charged regardless of whether or not the product is used.
ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE (APR)	The cost of credit, expressed as a yearly rate. For closed-end credit, such as car loans or mortgages, the APR includes the interest rate, points, broker fees, and other credit charges that the borrower is required to pay. An APR, or an equivalent rate, is not used in leasing agreements.
APPLICATION FEE	Fees charged when you apply for a loan or other credit. These fees may include charges for property appraisal and a credit report.
BALLOON PAYMENT	A large extra payment that may be charged at the end of a mortgage loan or lease.
CAP (INTEREST RATE)	A limit on the amount that your interest rate can increase. Two types of interest-rate caps exist. <i>Periodic adjustment caps</i> limit the interest-rate increase from one adjustment period to the next. <i>Lifetime caps</i> limit the interest-rate increase over the life of the loan. By law, all adjustable-rate mortgages have an overall cap.

### CLOSING OR SETTLEMENT COSTS

Fees paid when you close (or settle) on a loan. These fees may include application fees; title examination, abstract of title, title insurance, and property survey fees; fees for preparing deeds, mortgages, and settlement documents; attorneys' fees; recording fees; estimated costs of taxes and insurance; and notary, appraisal, and credit report fees. Under the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act, the borrower receives a good faith estimate of closing costs within three days of application. The good faith estimate lists each expected cost as an amount or a range.

### **CREDIT LIMIT**

The maximum amount that may be borrowed on a credit card or under a home equity line of credit plan.

#### **EQUITY**

The difference between the fair market value of the home and the outstanding balance on your mortgage plus any outstanding home equity loans.

#### **INDEX**

The economic indicator used to calculate interest-rate adjustments for adjustable-rate mortgages or other adjustable-rate loans. The index rate can increase or decrease at any time. See also Selected index rates for ARMs over an 11-year period

(consumerfinance.gov/f/201204\_CFPB\_ARMs-brochure.pdf) for examples of common indexes that have changed in the past.

#### **INTEREST RATE**

The percentage rate used to determine the cost of borrowing money, stated usually as a percentage of the principal loan amount and as an annual rate.

#### MARGIN

The number of percentage points the lender adds to the index rate to calculate the adjustable-rate-mortgage interest rate at each adjustment.

### **MINIMUM PAYMENT**

The lowest amount that you must pay (usually monthly) to keep your account in good standing. Under some plans, the minimum payment may cover interest only; under others, it may include both principal and interest.

### POINTS (ALSO CALLED DISCOUNT POINTS)

One point is equal to 1 percent of the principal amount of a mortgage loan. For example, if a mortgage is \$200,000, one point equals \$2,000. Lenders frequently charge points in both fixed-rate and adjustable-rate mortgages to cover loan origination costs or to provide additional compensation to the lender or broker. These points usually are paid at closing and may be paid by the borrower or the home seller, or may be split between them. In some cases, the money needed to pay points can be borrowed (incorporated in the loan amount), but doing so will increase the loan amount and the total costs. Discount points (also called discount fees) are points that you voluntarily choose to pay in return for a lower interest rate.

### **SECURITY INTEREST**

If stated in your credit agreement, a creditor, lessor, or assignee's legal right to your property (such as your home, stocks, or bonds) that secures payment of your obligation under the credit agreement. The property that secures payment of your obligation is referred to as "collateral."

#### TRANSACTION FEE

Fee charged each time a withdrawal or other specified transaction is made on a line of credit, such as a balance transfer fee or a cash advance fee.

### **VARIABLE RATE**

An interest rate that changes periodically in relation to an index, such as the prime rate. Payments may increase or decrease accordingly.

### **APPENDIX B:**

### More information

For more information about mortgages, including home equity lines of credit, visit consumerfinance.gov/mortgage. For answers to questions about mortgages and other financial topics, visit consumerfinance.gov/askcfpb. You may also visit the CFPB's website at consumerfinance.gov/owning-a-home to access interactive tools and resources for mortgage shoppers, which are expected to be available beginning in 2014.

Housing counselors can be very helpful, especially for first-time home buyers or if you're having trouble paying your mortgage. The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) supports housing counseling agencies throughout the country that can provide free or low-cost advice. You can search for HUD-approved housing counseling agencies in your area on the CFPB's web site at consumerfinance.gov/find-a-housing-counselor or by calling HUD's interactive toll-free number at 800-569-4287.

The company that collects your mortgage payments is your loan servicer. This may not be the same company as your lender. If you have concerns about how your loan is being serviced or another aspect of your mortgage, you may wish to submit a complaint to the CFPB at consumerfinance.gov/complaint or by calling (855) 411-CFPB (2372).

When you submit a complaint to the CFPB, the CFPB will forward your complaint to the company and work to get a response. Companies have 15 days to respond to you and the CFPB. You can review the company's response and give feedback to the CFPB.

### APPENDIX C:

# Contact information

For additional information or to submit a complaint, you can contact the CFPB or one of the other federal agencies listed below, depending on the type of institution. If you are not sure which agency to contact, you can submit a complaint to the CFPB and if the CFPB determines that another agency would be better able to assist you, the CFPB will refer your complaint to that agency and let you know.

Regulatory agency	Regulated entities	Contact information
Consumer Financial Protection Bureau (CFPB) P.O. Box 4503 Iowa City, IA 52244	Insured depository institutions and credit unions with assets greater than \$10 billion (and their affiliates), and non-bank providers of consumer financial products and services, including mortgages, credit cards, debt collection, consumer reports, prepaid cards, private education loans, and payday lending	(855) 411-CFPB (2372) consumerfinance.gov consumerfinance.gov/ complaint
Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (FRB) Consumer Help P.O. Box 1200 Minneapolis, MN 55480	Federally insured state-chartered bank members of the Federal Reserve System	(888) 851-1920 federalreserveconsumerhelp.g ov

Regulatory agency	Regulated entities	Contact information
Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (OCC) Customer Assistance Group 1301 McKinney Street Suite 3450 Houston, TX 77010	National banks and federally chartered savings banks/associations	(800) 613-6743 occ.treas.gov helpwithmybank.gov
Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) Consumer Response Center 1100 Walnut Street, Box #11 Kansas City, MO 64106	Federally insured state-chartered banks that are not members of the Federal Reserve System	(877) ASK-FDIC or (877) 275-3342 fdic.gov fdic.gov/consumers
Federal Housing Finance Agency (FHFA) Consumer Communications Constitution Center 400 7th Street, S.W. Washington, DC 20024	Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, and the Federal Home Loan Banks	Consumer Helpline (202) 649-3811 fhfa.gov fhfa.gov/Default.aspx?Page=3 69 ConsumerHelp@fhfa.gov
National Credit Union Administration (NCUA) Consumer Assistance 1775 Duke Street Alexandria, VA 22314	Federally chartered credit unions	(800) 755-1030 ncua.gov mycreditunion.gov
Federal Trade Commission (FTC) Consumer Response Center 600 Pennsylvania Ave, N.W. Washington, DC 20580	Finance companies, retail stores, auto dealers, mortgage companies and other lenders, and credit bureaus	(877) FTC-HELP or (877) 382-4357 ftc.gov ftc.gov/bcp

Regulatory agency	Regulated entities	Contact information
Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Complaint Center 100 F Street, N.E. Washington, DC 20549	Brokerage firms, mutual fund companies, and investment advisers	(202) 551-6551 sec.gov sec.gov/complaint/select.shtml
Farm Credit Administration Office of Congressional and Public Affairs 1501 Farm Credit Drive McLean, VA 22102	Agricultural lenders	(703) 883-4056 fca.gov
Small Business Administration (SBA) Consumer Affairs 409 3 <sup>rd</sup> Street, S.W. Washington, DC 20416	Small business lenders	(800) U-ASK-SBA or (800) 827-5722 sba.gov
Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC) 1155 21st Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20581	Commodity brokers, commodity trading advisers, commodity pools, and introducing brokers	(866) 366-2382 cftc.gov/ConsumerProtection/i ndex.htm

Regulatory agency	Regulated entities	Contact information
U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ) Civil Rights Division 950 Pennsylvania Ave, N.W. Housing and Civil Enforcement Section Washington DC 20530	Fair lending and housing issues	(202) 514-4713 TTY–(202) 305-1882 FAX–(202) 514-1116 To report an incident of housing discrimination: 1-800-896-7743 fairhousing@usdoj.gov
Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Office of Fair Housing/Equal Opportunity 451 7 <sup>th</sup> Street, S.W. Washington, DC 20410	Fair lending and housing issues	(800) 669-9777 hud.gov/complaints